Required fields are shown with yellow backgrounds and	asterisks.		OMB Number: 3235-0045 Estimated average burden hours per response
WASHIN	D EXCHANGE COMMISSIO IGTON, D.C. 20549 Form 19b-4	N File No. Amendment No. (req. for	* SR - 2017 - * 08 Amendments *)
Filing by Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board Pursuant to Rule 19b-4 under the Securities Exchange	e Act of 1934		
Initial * Amendment * Withdrawal	Section 19(b)(2) *	Section 19(b)(3)(A) *	Section 19(b)(3)(B) *
Pilot Extension of Time Period for Commission Action * Date Expires *		19b-4(f)(1) Image: 19b-4(f)(4)   19b-4(f)(2) Image: 19b-4(f)(5)   19b-4(f)(3) Image: 19b-4(f)(6)	
Notice of proposed change pursuant to the Payment, Clea	aring, and Settlement Act of 20	,	ap Submission pursuant
Section 806(e)(1) * Section 806(e)(2)	*	to the Securities Ex Section 3C(b)	-
Exhibit 2 Sent As Paper Document Exhibit 3 Sent As Paper	Document		
Description			
Provide a brief description of the action (limit 250 characte	are required when Initial is sho	acked *)	
Provide a biler description of the action (infinit 250 characte	ers, required when millians che	ecked ).	
Proposed Rule Change to Amend MSRB Form G-45 to Assessed by Programs Established to Implement the		out the Transactional Fee	s Primarily
Contact Information Provide the name, telephone number, and e-mail address prepared to respond to questions and comments on the a	-	he self-regulatory organizat	ion
First Name * Pamela	Last Name * Ellis		
Title * Associate General Counsel			
E-mail * pellis@msrb.org			
Telephone * (202) 838-1500 Fax			
Signature Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board has duly caused this filing to be signed on its behalf by th		authorized.	
5 . 10//0/2017	-	itle *)	
Date 10/13/2017	Corporate Secretary		
By Ronald W. Smith			
(Name *) NOTE: Clicking the button at right will digitally sign and lock this form. A digital signature is as legally binding as a physical signature, and once signed, this form cannot be changed.	rsmith@msrb.org,	rsmith@msrb.org	

OMB APPROVAL

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549				
For complete Form 19b-4 instructions please refer to the EFFS website.				
Form 19b-4 Information *   Add Remove   View	The self-regulatory organization must provide all required information, presented in a clear and comprehensible manner, to enable the public to provide meaningful comment on the proposal and for the Commission to determine whether the proposal is consistent with the Act and applicable rules and regulations under the Act.			
Exhibit 1 - Notice of Proposed Rule Change * Add Remove View	The Notice section of this Form 19b-4 must comply with the guidelines for publication in the Federal Register as well as any requirements for electronic filing as published by the Commission (if applicable). The Office of the Federal Register (OFR) offers guidance on Federal Register publication requirements in the Federal Register Document Drafting Handbook, October 1998 Revision. For example, all references to the federal securities laws must include the corresponding cite to the United States Code in a footnote. All references to SEC rules must include the corresponding cite to the Code of Federal Regulations in a footnote. All references to Securities Exchange Act Releases must include the release number, release date, Federal Register cite, Federal Register date, and corresponding file number (e.g., SR-[SRO] -xx-xx). A material failure to comply with these guidelines will result in the proposed rule change being deemed not properly filed. See also Rule 0-3 under the Act (17 CFR 240.0-3)			
Exhibit 1A- Notice of Proposed Rule Change, Security-Based Swap Submission, or Advance Notice by Clearing Agencies * Add Remove View	The Notice section of this Form 19b-4 must comply with the guidelines for publication in the Federal Register as well as any requirements for electronic filing as published by the Commission (if applicable). The Office of the Federal Register (OFR) offers guidance on Federal Register publication requirements in the Federal Register Document Drafting Handbook, October 1998 Revision. For example, all references to the federal securities laws must include the corresponding cite to the United States Code in a footnote. All references to SEC rules must include the corresponding cite to the Code of Federal Regulations in a footnote. All references to Securities Exchange Act Releases must include the release number, release date, Federal Register cite, Federal Register date, and corresponding file number (e.g., SR-[SRO] -xx-xx). A material failure to comply with these guidelines will result in the proposed rule change, security-based swap submission, or advance notice being deemed not properly filed. See also Rule 0-3 under the Act (17 CFR 240.0-3)			
Exhibit 2 - Notices, Written Comments, Transcripts, Other Communications     Add   Remove   View     Exhibit Sent As Paper Document	Copies of notices, written comments, transcripts, other communications. If such documents cannot be filed electronically in accordance with Instruction F, they shall be filed in accordance with Instruction G.			
Exhibit 3 - Form, Report, or Questionnaire     Add   Remove   View     Exhibit Sent As Paper Document	Copies of any form, report, or questionnaire that the self-regulatory organization proposes to use to help implement or operate the proposed rule change, or that is referred to by the proposed rule change.			
Exhibit 4 - Marked CopiesAddRemoveView	The full text shall be marked, in any convenient manner, to indicate additions to and deletions from the immediately preceding filing. The purpose of Exhibit 4 is to permit the staff to identify immediately the changes made from the text of the rule with which it has been working.			
Add Remove View	The self-regulatory organization may choose to attach as Exhibit 5 proposed changes to rule text in place of providing it in Item I and which may otherwise be more easily readable if provided separately from Form 19b-4. Exhibit 5 shall be considered part of the proposed rule change.			
Partial Amendment   Add Remove   View	If the self-regulatory organization is amending only part of the text of a lengthy proposed rule change, it may, with the Commission's permission, file only those portions of the text of the proposed rule change in which changes are being made if the filing (i.e. partial amendment) is clearly understandable on its face. Such partial amendment shall be clearly identified and marked to show deletions and additions.			

### 1. Text of the Proposed Rule Change

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 19(b)(1) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Act"),<sup>1</sup> and Rule 19b-4 thereunder,<sup>2</sup> the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board (the "MSRB" or "Board") is hereby filing with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Commission" or "SEC") a proposed rule change to amend Form G-45 under MSRB Rule G-45, on reporting of information on municipal fund securities,<sup>3</sup> to collect additional data about the transactional fees primarily assessed by programs established to implement the Stephen Beck, Jr., Achieving a Better Life Experience Act of 2014 (the "ABLE Act" and an "ABLE program") (the "proposed rule change").<sup>4</sup> The MSRB requests that the proposed rule change become effective on June 30, 2018.<sup>5</sup>

(a) The additional data elements to be collected on Form G-45 under the proposed rule change are attached as Exhibit 3. There are no deletions from Form G-45.

- (b) Not applicable.
- (c) Not applicable.

## 2. Procedures of the Self-Regulatory Organization

The proposed rule change was adopted by the MSRB at its July 26-27, 2017 meeting. Questions about this filing may be directed to Pamela K. Ellis, Associate General Counsel, at 202.838.1500.

# **3.** Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement of the Purpose of, and Statutory Basis for, the Proposed Rule Change

(a) Purpose

The MSRB proposes to amend Form G-45 to collect information about the transactional fees that are primarily assessed by ABLE programs and about any variance in the account

- <sup>3</sup> Form G-45 is an electronic form on which submissions of the information required by Rule G-45 are made to the MSRB.
- <sup>4</sup> The ABLE Act was enacted on December 19, 2014 as part of The Tax Increase Prevention Act of 2014 (Pub. L. No. 113-295).
- <sup>5</sup> As noted under "Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement of the Purpose of, and Statutory Basis for, the Proposed Rule Change" below, the proposed rule change does not alter the date that underwriters to ABLE programs must submit data under Rule G-45 to the MSRB.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> 15 U.S.C. 78s(b)(1).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> 17 CFR 240.19b-4.

maintenance fee that is based on the residency of the account owner. The proposed rule change would apply to underwriters of ABLE programs as well as to underwriters to 529 college savings plans (defined below).<sup>6</sup>

i. Background

The ABLE Act added Section 529A to the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"), to permit a state, or an agency or instrumentality thereof, to establish and maintain a new type of tax-advantaged savings program to help support individuals with disabilities in maintaining health, independence, and quality of life.<sup>7</sup> Section 529A was modeled, in part, on Section 529 of the Code.<sup>8</sup> Section 529 established college savings plans ("529 college savings plans") to encourage saving for future higher education costs.<sup>9</sup> The SEC has determined that interests offered by such 529 college savings plans are municipal securities under Section 3(a)(29) of the Act.<sup>10</sup>

Given the similarities between the structure of ABLE accounts and 529 college savings plan accounts and the manner in which interests in ABLE accounts would be distributed, the MSRB requested and received interpretive guidance from the SEC staff about the status of interests in ABLE accounts under the federal securities laws.<sup>11</sup> SEC staff stated that "at least

- <sup>9</sup> 26 U.S.C. 529(b)(1)(A)(ii). Section 529 also established prepaid tuition plans. 26 U.S.C. 529(b)(1)(A)(i). Under a prepaid tuition plan, an investor may purchase tuition credits or certificates on behalf of a designated beneficiary, which entitle the beneficiary to the waiver or payment of qualified higher education expenses. Prepaid tuition plans generally have residency requirements. Such credits or certificates generally are not viewed as being municipal securities, and dealers generally do not participate in the marketing of prepaid tuition plans.
- Exchange Act Release No. 70462 (Sept. 20, 2013), 78 FR 67468, 67472-73 (Nov. 12, 2013). See Letter from Catherine McGuire, Chief Counsel, Division of Market Regulation, U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission, to Diane G. Klinke, General Counsel, Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board (Feb. 26, 1999) (determining that at least some interests in higher education trusts are municipal securities under the Act).
- <sup>11</sup> Letter dated March 31, 2016 from Jessica S. Kane, Director, Office of Municipal Securities, U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission to Robert A. Fippinger, Esq., Chief Legal Officer, Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board, in response to letter dated December 31, 2015 from Robert A. Fippinger to Jessica S. Kane, both letters are

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> <u>See note 23, infra.</u>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> 26 U.S.C. 529A.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Report to accompany H.R. 647, Committee on Ways and Means, H.R. Rept. No. 113-614, part 1 at 7 (2014).

some interests in ABLE accounts . . . may be 'municipal securities' as defined in Section 3(a)(29) of the Exchange Act, depending on the facts and circumstances"<sup>12</sup> and that "[i]f a dealer is acting as an 'underwriter' (as defined in Rule 15c2-12(f)(8)) in connection with that primary offering, the dealer may be subject to the requirements of Rule 15c2-12."<sup>13</sup>

After the MSRB received the SEC staff guidance, the MSRB provided interpretative guidance relating to interests in ABLE programs under MSRB Rule D-12, on the definition of "municipal fund security."<sup>14</sup> That guidance was followed by the August 2016 guidance published by the Board to address particular issues, including Rule G-45, applicable to the sale of interests in ABLE programs by brokers, dealers and municipal securities dealers (collectively, "dealers").<sup>15</sup>

Specifically, in August 2016, the MSRB filed for immediate effectiveness an amendment to Rule G-45 to delay, by two years from August 29, 2016 until August 29, 2018, the date that submissions are due under Rule G-45 from underwriters to ABLE programs (the "August filing").<sup>16</sup> The MSRB believed that the delay would help ensure that the MSRB would receive reliable, complete and accurate filings on Form G-45 from such underwriters. The MSRB also believed that the delay would help ensure that the MSRB would receive more meaningful data about a larger set of ABLE programs on Form G-45.<sup>17</sup> Similarly, to receive more meaningful data about ABLE programs, the MSRB submits the proposed rule change. However, this proposed rule change does not alter the date that underwriters to ABLE programs must begin to submit data to the MSRB under Rule G-45.

<sup>12</sup> Id.

<sup>13</sup> Id.

<sup>15</sup> <u>Id</u>.

available at https://www.sec.gov/info/municipal/msrb-letter-033116-interests-in-able-accounts.pdf.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> MSRB Notice 2016-14 (Apr. 12, 2016).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>16</sup> <u>See SR-MSRB-2016-11 (Aug. 12, 2016).</u>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>17</sup> Further, as part of that August filing, the MSRB provided guidance in supplementary material under (i) Rule G-42, that such rule applies to municipal advisors that engage in municipal advisory activities for sponsors or trustees of ABLE programs and (ii) Rule G-44, that such rule equally applies to municipal advisors that engage in municipal advisory activities for sponsors or trustees of 529 college savings plans, ABLE programs, and other municipal fund securities. That guidance provided clarity about the applicability of such rules to municipal advisors that engage in municipal advisory activities for sponsors or trustees of municipal fund securities. The MSRB provided that guidance in response to requests from industry groups in other Board rulemaking proposals. <u>Id.</u>; <u>see also MSRB</u> Notice 2016-20 (Aug. 12, 2016).

(ii) The collection of additional relevant fee and expense data

At the time the MSRB submitted the August filing, there were two ABLE programs that were operational. Since that time, the MSRB understands that 27 more ABLE programs have become operational. As each additional ABLE program has become operational, the MSRB has reviewed the disclosure booklet for the program to determine whether there is data about the programs that would be beneficial for the MSRB to analyze under Rule G-45 that an underwriter to an ABLE program would not be required to submit under current Form G-45. But for the program type, the review process of ABLE program fees was identical to the review process that the MSRB used in determining the data elements relating to the fees and expenses associated with an investment in a 529 college savings plan when the MSRB first developed Form G-45.

While the MSRB believes that current Form G-45 would capture most of the data that would be informative to the MSRB, the MSRB noted that there are differences between the pricing structure of certain ABLE programs and the typical 529 college savings plan. Specifically, based on the MSRB's review, there are transactional fees assessed by ABLE programs that generally are not assessed by 529 college savings plans, and there is variance based on state residency in the level of the account maintenance fee assessed by ABLE programs that generally does not occur with 529 college savings plans.<sup>18</sup>

Rule G-45 requires dealers acting in the capacity as underwriters to ABLE programs or 529 college savings plans to submit on a semi-annual or annual basis (in the case of performance data) certain information about the programs or plans they underwrite. That information includes program or plan descriptive information, assets, asset allocation information (at the investment option level), contributions, withdrawals, fee and cost structure, performance, and other information. The MSRB and other regulatory authorities use this data to analyze 529 college savings plans (and will be able to use this data to analyze ABLE programs), monitor their growth rate, size and investment options, and compare 529 college savings plans based on fees, costs, and performance. By collecting this information, the MSRB enhances its understanding of 529 college savings plans (and will be able to enhance its understanding of ABLE programs). The Commission has agreed with the MSRB that the collection of information under Rule G-45 is intended to protect investors, municipal entities and the public interest and prevent fraudulent and manipulative acts and practices by allowing the MSRB to collect comprehensive, reliable, and consistent electronic data about such programs or plans.<sup>19</sup> The Commission has stated that "to fulfill its statutory responsibilities to investors and municipal entities in the context of 529

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>18</sup> The MSRB believes that the transactional fees assessed by an ABLE program reflect the nature of an ABLE program as more of a short-term, rather than as a longer-term, savings vehicle when compared to a 529 college savings plan. Further, the MSRB believes that the variance in the level or amount of the account maintenance fee assessed by an ABLE program between an in-state and an out-of-state resident account owner reflects state disability policies.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>19</sup> Exchange Act Release No. 71598 (Feb. 21, 2014), 79 FR 11161, 11167 (Feb. 27, 2014) (SR-MSRB-2013-04).

plans, the Commission believes that it is appropriate for the MSRB to possess basic, reliable information regarding 529 plans, including the underlying investment options."<sup>20</sup>

To help ensure that the MSRB continues to receive comprehensive information regarding ABLE programs and 529 college savings plans, the proposed rule change would amend Form G-45 to collect additional information relating to fees and expenses. This data would enhance the MSRB's understanding of the markets for ABLE programs and 529 college savings plans, including the differences among such programs or plans. Further, as discussed under "Statutory Basis" below, the additional fee and expense information would assist the MSRB in fulfilling its investor protection mission. The information about fees and expenses would continue to be submitted in a format that is consistent with the disclosure principles of the College Savings Plan Network ("CSPN"), an affiliate of the National Association of State Treasurers,<sup>21</sup> which commenters on previous MSRB rulemaking proposals relating to Form G-45 have stated is the industry norm.<sup>22</sup>

Under the proposed rule change, an underwriter to an ABLE program or a 529 college savings plan would be required to submit data on Form G-45 about the following additional fees and expenses, as applicable:

- account opening fee;
- investment administration fee;
- change in account owner fee;
- cancellation/withdrawal fee;
- change in investment option/transfer fee;
- rollover fee;
- returned excess aggregate contributions fee;
- rejected ACH or EFT fee;
- overnight delivery fee;
- in-network ATM fee;
- out-of-network ATM fee;

### <sup>20</sup> <u>Id</u>.

<sup>21</sup> CSPN published its voluntary Disclosure Principles Statement No. 6 ("Disclosure Principles No. 6") on July 1, 2017 available at http://www.collegesavings.org/wpcontent/uploads/2015/06/CSPN-Disclosure-Principles-Statement-No.-6.pdf. Disclosure Principles No. 6 recommends acceptable disclosure practices for state entities that establish and maintain 529 college savings plans. CSPN states that Disclosure Principles No. 6 also may be of use to qualified ABLE programs. See Disclosure Principles No. 6.

To assist underwriters, the MSRB included subheadings in how certain investment options fees and expenses are displayed on Form G-45 to more closely correspond with the subheadings used in Disclosure Principles No. 6. The subheadings, however, do not change any of the data elements required to be submitted on Form G-45.

<sup>22</sup> <u>See SR-MSRB-2013-04</u> (Jun. 10, 2013).

- ATM mini statement fee;
- international POS/ATM transaction fee;
- foreign transaction fee;
- overdraft fee;
- copy of check or statement fee (per request);
- copy of check images mailed with monthly statement fee;
- check fee (<u>i.e</u>., fee for blank checks);
- returned check fee;
- checking account option fee;
- re-issue of disbursement check fee;
- stop payment fee;
- debit card fee;
- debit card replacement fee;
- outgoing wire fee;
- expedited debit card rush delivery fee;
- paper fee; and
- miscellaneous fee (to address any miscellaneous transactional fee that is not otherwise specified on Form G-45).

In addition, under the proposed rule change, the MSRB would collect data about any variance in the annual account maintenance fee due to the residency of the account owner. The proposed rule would apply to underwriters to ABLE programs as well as to underwriters to 529 college savings plans.<sup>23</sup>

(b) Statutory Basis

The MSRB believes that the proposed rule change is consistent with Section 15B(b)(2)(C) of the Act,<sup>24</sup> which provides that the MSRB's rules shall:

be designed to prevent fraudulent and manipulative acts and practices, to promote just and equitable principles of trade, to foster cooperation and coordination with persons engaged in regulating, clearing, settling, processing information with respect to, and facilitating transactions in municipal securities and municipal financial products, to remove impediments to and perfect the mechanism of a free and open market in municipal securities and municipal financial products, and, in general, to protect investors, municipal entities, obligated persons, and the public interest.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>23</sup> The MSRB, however, anticipates that most of the data that would be collected by the proposed rule change would relate to ABLE programs. As noted, the MSRB believes that 529 college savings plans generally do not assess the fees and charges that are the subject of this proposed rule change.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>24</sup> 15 U.S.C. 78<u>o</u>-4(b)(2)(C).

The Act requires that the MSRB protect investors. To fulfill this responsibility, it is necessary for the MSRB to have a complete and reliable data set about ABLE programs and 529 college savings plans. That data includes data about the fees and expenses associated with an investment in an ABLE program or a 529 college savings plan. The proposed rule change would provide the MSRB with more meaningful data about the transactional fees primarily assessed by ABLE programs and about variances in the account maintenance fee due to the residency of the account owner. The additional information about fees and expenses associated with ABLE programs and 529 college savings plans would facilitate the MSRB's ability to analyze the market for ABLE programs and 529 college savings plans as well as to evaluate trends and differences among the ABLE programs and 529 college savings plans. The MSRB believes that understanding the costs associated with ABLE programs and 529 college savings plans as well as the other data collected under Rule G-45 are basic requirements for regulation and necessary to assist the MSRB with its evaluation as to whether its regulatory scheme for dealers that sell interests in or underwrite ABLE programs and/or 529 college savings plans is sufficient, or whether additional rulemaking is necessary to protect investors. Further, the information that would be collected by the proposed rule change would help the MSRB and other regulators that examine dealers prioritize their efforts with respect to those dealers that sell interests in or underwrite ABLE programs and 529 college savings plans. Those other regulators may use this information to determine the nature or timing of risk-based dealer examinations. In short, the MSRB believes that the information to be collected by the proposed rule change would better enable the MSRB to protect investors in these programs and plans and the public interest.

Further, the MSRB has a statutory obligation to prevent fraudulent and manipulative acts and practices and to promote just and equitable principles of trade. In general, underwriters to ABLE programs and 529 college savings plans draft or participate in the drafting of the program or plan disclosure booklets, as well as the marketing materials for the ABLE program or 529 college savings plans. The MSRB or other regulators may use the information submitted on Form G-45 to, among other things, determine if the disclosure documents or marketing materials prepared or reviewed by underwriters are consistent with the data submitted to the MSRB for regulatory purposes.

### 4. Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement on Burden on Competition

Section 15B(b)(2)(C) of the Act requires that MSRB rules not be designed to impose any burden on competition not necessary or appropriate in furtherance of the purposes of the Act.<sup>25</sup> In accordance with the Board's policy on the use of economic analysis in rulemaking, the Board has reviewed the proposed rule change.<sup>26</sup> To fulfill its responsibility to protect investors, as ABLE programs and 529 college savings plans have significant retail investor components, the MSRB must become well informed about the fees and expenses assessed under such programs or plans and about the market for ABLE programs and 529 college savings plans as a whole. The proposed rule change is necessary for the MSRB to gather relevant data required to ensure the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>25</sup> Id.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>26</sup> Policy on the Use of Economic Analysis in MSRB Rulemaking is available at http://msrb.org/Rules-and-Interpretations/Economic-Analysis-Policy.aspx.

MSRB's regulatory scheme is sufficient and/or to determine whether additional rulemaking is necessary to protect investors and the public interest.

The proposed rule change would require an underwriter to submit additional information about the fees and expenses associated with the applicable ABLE program or 529 college savings plan. The proposed rule change would enable the MSRB to carry out its regulatory responsibilities under the Act and fulfill its mission to ensure efficiency in the market for these programs. The MSRB would realize substantial benefits in obtaining reliable and consistent information about the fees and expenses of ABLE programs and 529 college savings plans, promoting greater regulatory oversight and investor protection.

Although there are costs associated with compliance with the proposed rule change, these costs should be minimal. The data that the MSRB wishes to collect are readily available and should be known to the underwriters of these plans. Additionally, underwriters are already required to submit certain information to the MSRB on Form G-45 on a semi-annual basis.<sup>27</sup>

Among the possible alternatives to the proposed rule change are (a) a manual review of information in program or plan disclosure documents submitted to EMMA or on program or plan websites; or (b) a review of data supplied by information vendors voluntarily. However, neither of these alternatives would satisfy the regulatory needs of the MSRB. A manual review of information would be insufficient because some of the information sought by the MSRB is not disclosed in public documents in a uniform and consistent manner. Moreover, a manual review of information would be time consuming and inefficient, especially given that underwriters are already required to submit certain information to the MSRB on a semi-annual basis. In addition, while a review of information voluntarily submitted to informational vendors may be of interest, it is unreliable from a regulatory standpoint. Information supplied by dealers that are underwriters to ABLE programs and/or 529 college savings plans to information vendors may differ with respect to its reliability and quality. Essentially, the MSRB would be relying on such information vendors for important regulatory activities. For regulatory purposes, the MSRB seeks a consistent set of uniform, reliable and relevant information about ABLE programs and 529 college savings plans.

On balance, the MSRB believes that semi-annual reporting of limited information, which is readily available to dealers that are underwriters to ABLE programs and/or 529 college savings plans, would not pose an unreasonable burden on such underwriters, and the likely benefits of the proposed amendments justify the likely associated costs in both the near and long term.

The MSRB does not believe that the proposed rule change would impose any burden on competition not necessary or appropriate in furtherance of the purposes of the Act. The additional information would be submitted on an equal and non-discriminatory basis, and the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>27</sup> The proposed rule change would not impose any burden on non-underwriting dealers that only sell interests in either ABLE programs or 529 college savings plans, as the obligation to submit information semi-annually to the MSRB will only be imposed on underwriters.

requirement would apply equally to all dealers that serve as underwriters to ABLE programs and/or 529 college savings plans.

## 5. Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement on Comments on the Proposed Rule Change Received from Members, Participants, or Others

Written comments were neither solicited nor received on the proposed rule change.

## 6. Extension of Time Period for Commission Action

The MSRB does not consent at this time to an extension of the time period for Commission action specified in Section 19(b)(2) of the Act.<sup>28</sup>

## 7. Basis for Summary Effectiveness Pursuant to Section 19(b)(3) or for Accelerated Effectiveness Pursuant to Section 19(b)(2) or Section 19(b)(7)(D)

Not applicable.

## 8. Proposed Rule Change Based on Rules of Another Self-Regulatory Organization or of the Commission

Not applicable.

# 9. Security-Based Swap Submissions Filed Pursuant to Section 3C of the Act

Not applicable.

# 10. Advance Notices Filed Pursuant to Section 806(e) of the Payment, Clearing and Settlement Supervision Act

Not applicable.

# 11. Exhibits

- Exhibit 1 Completed Notice of Proposed Rule Change for Publication in the <u>Federal</u> <u>Register</u>
- Exhibit 3 Amendments to Form G-45

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>28</sup> 15 U.S.C. 78s(b)(2).

## SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION (Release No. 34-\_\_\_\_; File No. SR-MSRB-2017-08)

Self-Regulatory Organizations; Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board; Notice of Filing of a Proposed Rule Change to Amend MSRB Form G-45 to Collect Additional Data About the Transactional Fees Primarily Assessed by Programs Established to Implement the ABLE Act

Pursuant to Section 19(b)(1) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act" or "Act")<sup>1</sup> and Rule 19b-4 thereunder,<sup>2</sup> notice is hereby given that on the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board (the "MSRB" or "Board") filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC" or "Commission") the proposed rule change as described in Items I, II, and III below, which Items have been prepared by the MSRB. The Commission is publishing this notice to solicit comments on the proposed rule change from interested persons.

## I. <u>Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement of the Terms of Substance of the Proposed</u> <u>Rule Change</u>

The MSRB filed with the Commission a proposed rule change to amend Form G-45 under MSRB Rule G-45, on reporting of information on municipal fund securities,<sup>3</sup> to collect additional data about the transactional fees primarily assessed by programs established to implement the Stephen Beck, Jr., Achieving a Better Life Experience Act of 2014 (the "ABLE

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> 15 U.S.C. 78s(b)(1).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> 17 CFR 240.19b-4.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Form G-45 is an electronic form on which submissions of the information required by Rule G-45 are made to the MSRB.

Act" and an "ABLE program") (the "proposed rule change").<sup>4</sup> The MSRB requests that the proposed rule change become effective on June 30, 2018.<sup>5</sup>

The text of the proposed rule change is available on the MSRB's website at

www.msrb.org/Rules-and-Interpretations/SEC-Filings/2017-Filings.aspx, at the MSRB's

principal office, and at the Commission's Public Reference Room.

## II. <u>Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement of the Purpose of, and Statutory Basis for, the</u> <u>Proposed Rule Change</u>

In its filing with the Commission, the MSRB included statements concerning the purpose

of and basis for the proposed rule change and discussed any comments it received on the

proposed rule change. The text of these statements may be examined at the places specified in

Item IV below. The MSRB has prepared summaries, set forth in Sections A, B, and C below, of

the most significant aspects of such statements.

## A. <u>Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement of the Purpose of, and Statutory Basis</u> for, the Proposed Rule Change

1. Purpose

The ABLE Act added Section 529A to the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"), to permit a state, or an agency or instrumentality thereof, to establish and maintain a new type of tax-advantaged savings program to help support individuals with disabilities in maintaining health, independence, and quality of life.<sup>6</sup> Section 529A was modeled, in part, on

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> The ABLE Act was enacted on December 19, 2014 as part of The Tax Increase Prevention Act of 2014 (Pub. L. No. 113-295).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> As noted under "Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement of the Purpose of, and Statutory Basis for, the Proposed Rule Change" below, the proposed rule change does not alter the date that underwriters to ABLE programs must submit data under Rule G-45 to the MSRB.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> 26 U.S.C. 529A.

Section 529 of the Code.<sup>7</sup> Section 529 established college savings plans ("529 college savings plans") to encourage saving for future higher education costs.<sup>8</sup> The SEC has determined that interests offered by such 529 college savings plans are municipal securities under Section 3(a)(29) of the Act.<sup>9</sup>

Given the similarities between the structure of ABLE accounts and 529 college savings plan accounts and the manner in which interests in ABLE accounts would be distributed, the MSRB requested and received interpretive guidance from the SEC staff about the status of interests in ABLE accounts under the federal securities laws.<sup>10</sup> SEC staff stated that "at least some interests in ABLE accounts . . . may be 'municipal securities' as defined in Section 3(a)(29) of the Exchange Act, depending on the facts and circumstances"<sup>11</sup> and that "[i]f a dealer

<sup>7</sup> Report to accompany H.R. 647, Committee on Ways and Means, H.R. Rept. No. 113-614, part 1 at 7 (2014).

<sup>8</sup> 26 U.S.C. 529(b)(1)(A)(ii). Section 529 also established prepaid tuition plans. 26 U.S.C. 529(b)(1)(A)(i). Under a prepaid tuition plan, an investor may purchase tuition credits or certificates on behalf of a designated beneficiary, which entitle the beneficiary to the waiver or payment of qualified higher education expenses. Prepaid tuition plans generally have residency requirements. Such credits or certificates generally are not viewed as being municipal securities, and dealers generally do not participate in the marketing of prepaid tuition plans.

<sup>9</sup> Exchange Act Release No. 70462 (Sept. 20, 2013), 78 FR 67468, 67472-73 (Nov. 12, 2013). See Letter from Catherine McGuire, Chief Counsel, Division of Market Regulation, U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission, to Diane G. Klinke, General Counsel, Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board (Feb. 26, 1999) (determining that at least some interests in higher education trusts are municipal securities under the Act).

<sup>10</sup> Letter dated March 31, 2016 from Jessica S. Kane, Director, Office of Municipal Securities, U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission to Robert A. Fippinger, Esq., Chief Legal Officer, Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board, in response to letter dated December 31, 2015 from Robert A. Fippinger to Jessica S. Kane, both letters are available at <u>https://www.sec.gov/info/municipal/msrb-letter-033116-interests-in-ableaccounts.pdf</u>.

<sup>11</sup> Id.

is acting as an 'underwriter' (as defined in Rule 15c2-12(f)(8)) in connection with that primary offering, the dealer may be subject to the requirements of Rule 15c2-12."<sup>12</sup>

After the MSRB received the SEC staff guidance, the MSRB provided interpretative guidance relating to interests in ABLE programs under MSRB Rule D-12, on the definition of "municipal fund security."<sup>13</sup> That guidance was followed by the August 2016 guidance published by the Board to address particular issues, including Rule G-45, applicable to the sale of interests in ABLE programs by brokers, dealers and municipal securities dealers (collectively, "dealers").<sup>14</sup>

Specifically, in August 2016, the MSRB filed for immediate effectiveness an amendment to Rule G-45 to delay, by two years from August 29, 2016 until August 29, 2018, the date that submissions are due under Rule G-45 from underwriters to ABLE programs (the "August filing").<sup>15</sup> The MSRB believed that the delay would help ensure that the MSRB would receive reliable, complete and accurate filings on Form G-45 from such underwriters. The MSRB also believed that the delay would help ensure that the delay data about a larger set of ABLE programs on Form G-45.<sup>16</sup> Similarly, to receive more meaningful

<sup>12</sup> Id.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> MSRB Notice 2016-14 (Apr. 12, 2016).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> <u>Id</u>.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>15</sup> <u>See SR-MSRB-2016-11 (Aug. 12, 2016)</u>.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>16</sup> Further, as part of that August filing, the MSRB provided guidance in supplementary material under (i) Rule G-42, that such rule applies to municipal advisors that engage in municipal advisory activities for sponsors or trustees of ABLE programs and (ii) Rule G-44, that such rule equally applies to municipal advisors that engage in municipal advisory activities for sponsors or trustees of 529 college savings plans, ABLE programs, and other municipal fund securities. That guidance provided clarity about the applicability of such rules to municipal advisors that engage in municipal advisory activities for sponsors or trustees of municipal fund securities. The MSRB provided that guidance in response to

data about ABLE programs, the MSRB submits the proposed rule change. However, this proposed rule change does not alter the date that underwriters to ABLE programs must begin to submit data to the MSRB under Rule G-45.

(ii) The collection of additional relevant fee and expense data

At the time the MSRB submitted the August filing, there were two ABLE programs that were operational. Since that time, the MSRB understands that 27 more ABLE programs have become operational. As each additional ABLE program has become operational, the MSRB has reviewed the disclosure booklet for the program to determine whether there is data about the programs that would be beneficial for the MSRB to analyze under Rule G-45 that an underwriter to an ABLE program would not be required to submit under current Form G-45. But for the program type, the review process of ABLE program fees was identical to the review process that the MSRB used in determining the data elements relating to the fees and expenses associated with an investment in a 529 college savings plan when the MSRB first developed Form G-45.

While the MSRB believes that current Form G-45 would capture most of the data that would be informative to the MSRB, the MSRB noted that there are differences between the pricing structure of certain ABLE programs and the typical 529 college savings plan. Specifically, based on the MSRB's review, there are transactional fees assessed by ABLE programs that generally are not assessed by 529 college savings plans, and there is variance based on state residency in the level of the account maintenance fee assessed by ABLE programs that generally does not occur with 529 college savings plans.<sup>17</sup>

requests from industry groups in other Board rulemaking proposals. <u>Id.</u>; <u>see also MSRB</u> <u>Notice 2016-20 (Aug. 12, 2016)</u>.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>17</sup> The MSRB believes that the transactional fees assessed by an ABLE program reflect the nature of an ABLE program as more of a short-term, rather than as a longer-term, savings

#### 17 of 29

Rule G-45 requires dealers acting in the capacity as underwriters to ABLE programs or 529 college savings plans to submit on a semi-annual or annual basis (in the case of performance data) certain information about the programs or plans they underwrite. That information includes program or plan descriptive information, assets, asset allocation information (at the investment option level), contributions, withdrawals, fee and cost structure, performance, and other information. The MSRB and other regulatory authorities use this data to analyze 529 college savings plans (and will be able to use this data to analyze ABLE programs), monitor their growth rate, size and investment options, and compare 529 college savings plans based on fees, costs, and performance. By collecting this information, the MSRB enhances its understanding of 529 college savings plans (and will be able to enhance its understanding of ABLE programs). The Commission has agreed with the MSRB that the collection of information under Rule G-45 is intended to protect investors, municipal entities and the public interest and prevent fraudulent and manipulative acts and practices by allowing the MSRB to collect comprehensive, reliable, and consistent electronic data about such programs or plans.<sup>18</sup> The Commission has stated that "to fulfill its statutory responsibilities to investors and municipal entities in the context of 529 plans, the Commission believes that it is appropriate for the MSRB to possess basic, reliable information regarding 529 plans, including the underlying investment options."<sup>19</sup>

vehicle when compared to a 529 college savings plan. Further, the MSRB believes that the variance in the level or amount of the account maintenance fee assessed by an ABLE program between an in-state and an out-of-state resident account owner reflects state disability policies.

<sup>19</sup> Id.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>18</sup> Exchange Act Release No. 71598 (Feb. 21, 2014), 79 FR 11161, 11167 (Feb. 27, 2014) (SR-MSRB-2013-04).

To help ensure that the MSRB continues to receive comprehensive information regarding ABLE programs and 529 college savings plans, the proposed rule change would amend Form G-45 to collect additional information relating to fees and expenses. This data would enhance the MSRB's understanding of the markets for ABLE programs and 529 college savings plans, including the differences among such programs or plans. Further, as discussed under "Statutory Basis" below, the additional fee and expense information would assist the MSRB in fulfilling its investor protection mission. The information about fees and expenses would continue to be submitted in a format that is consistent with the disclosure principles of the College Savings Plan Network ("CSPN"), an affiliate of the National Association of State Treasurers,<sup>20</sup> which commenters on previous MSRB rulemaking proposals relating to Form G-45 have stated is the industry norm.<sup>21</sup>

Under the proposed rule change, an underwriter to an ABLE program or a 529 college savings plan would be required to submit data on Form G-45 about the following additional fees and expenses, as applicable:

- account opening fee;
- investment administration fee;

To assist underwriters, the MSRB included subheadings in how certain investment options fees and expenses are displayed on Form G-45 to more closely correspond with the subheadings used in Disclosure Principles No. 6. The subheadings, however, do not change any of the data elements required to be submitted on Form G-45.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>20</sup> CSPN published its voluntary Disclosure Principles Statement No. 6 ("Disclosure Principles No. 6") on July 1, 2017 available at <u>http://www.collegesavings.org/wpcontent/uploads/2015/06/CSPN-Disclosure-Principles-Statement-No.-6.pdf</u>. Disclosure Principles No. 6 recommends acceptable disclosure practices for state entities that establish and maintain 529 college savings plans. CSPN states that Disclosure Principles No. 6 also may be of use to qualified ABLE programs. <u>See</u> Disclosure Principles No. 6.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>21</sup> <u>See SR-MSRB-2013-04 (Jun. 10, 2013)</u>.

- change in account owner fee;
- cancellation/withdrawal fee;
- change in investment option/transfer fee;
- rollover fee;
- returned excess aggregate contributions fee;
- rejected ACH or EFT fee;
- overnight delivery fee;
- in-network ATM fee;
- out-of-network ATM fee;
- ATM mini statement fee;
- international POS/ATM transaction fee;
- foreign transaction fee;
- overdraft fee;
- copy of check or statement fee (per request);
- copy of check images mailed with monthly statement fee;
- check fee (<u>i.e</u>., fee for blank checks);
- returned check fee;
- checking account option fee;
- re-issue of disbursement check fee;
- stop payment fee;
- debit card fee;
- debit card replacement fee;
- outgoing wire fee;

- expedited debit card rush delivery fee;
- paper fee; and
- miscellaneous fee (to address any miscellaneous transactional fee that is not otherwise specified on Form G-45).

In addition, under the proposed rule change, the MSRB would collect data about any variance in the annual account maintenance fee due to the residency of the account owner. The proposed rule would apply to underwriters to ABLE programs as well as to underwriters to 529 college savings plans.<sup>22</sup>

#### 2. Statutory Basis

The MSRB believes that the proposed rule change is consistent with Section

15B(b)(2)(C) of the Act,<sup>23</sup> which provides that the MSRB's rules shall:

be designed to prevent fraudulent and manipulative acts and practices, to promote just and equitable principles of trade, to foster cooperation and coordination with persons engaged in regulating, clearing, settling, processing information with respect to, and facilitating transactions in municipal securities and municipal financial products, to remove impediments to and perfect the mechanism of a free and open market in municipal securities and municipal financial products, and, in general, to protect investors, municipal entities, obligated persons, and the public interest.

The Act requires that the MSRB protect investors. To fulfill this responsibility, it is

necessary for the MSRB to have a complete and reliable data set about ABLE programs and 529

college savings plans. That data includes data about the fees and expenses associated with an

investment in an ABLE program or a 529 college savings plan. The proposed rule change would

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>22</sup> The MSRB, however, anticipates that most of the data that would be collected by the proposed rule change would relate to ABLE programs. As noted, the MSRB believes that 529 college savings plans generally do not assess the fees and charges that are the subject of this proposed rule change.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>23</sup> 15 U.S.C. 78<u>o</u>-4(b)(2)(C).

provide the MSRB with more meaningful data about the transactional fees primarily assessed by ABLE programs and about variances in the account maintenance fee due to the residency of the account owner. The additional information about fees and expenses associated with ABLE programs and 529 college savings plans would facilitate the MSRB's ability to analyze the market for ABLE programs and 529 college savings plans as well as to evaluate trends and differences among the ABLE programs and 529 college savings plans. The MSRB believes that understanding the costs associated with ABLE programs and 529 college savings plans as well as the other data collected under Rule G-45 are basic requirements for regulation and necessary to assist the MSRB with its evaluation as to whether its regulatory scheme for dealers that sell interests in or underwrite ABLE programs and/or 529 college savings plans is sufficient, or whether additional rulemaking is necessary to protect investors. Further, the information that would be collected by the proposed rule change would help the MSRB and other regulators that examine dealers prioritize their efforts with respect to those dealers that sell interests in or underwrite ABLE programs and 529 college savings plans. Those other regulators may use this information to determine the nature or timing of risk-based dealer examinations. In short, the MSRB believes that the information to be collected by the proposed rule change would better enable the MSRB to protect investors in these programs and plans and the public interest.

Further, the MSRB has a statutory obligation to prevent fraudulent and manipulative acts and practices and to promote just and equitable principles of trade. In general, underwriters to ABLE programs and 529 college savings plans draft or participate in the drafting of the program or plan disclosure booklets, as well as the marketing materials for the ABLE program or 529 college savings plans. The MSRB or other regulators may use the information submitted on Form G-45 to, among other things, determine if the disclosure documents or marketing materials prepared or reviewed by underwriters are consistent with the data submitted to the MSRB for regulatory purposes.

#### B. <u>Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement on Burden on Competition</u>

Section 15B(b)(2)(C) of the Act requires that MSRB rules not be designed to impose any burden on competition not necessary or appropriate in furtherance of the purposes of the Act.<sup>24</sup> In accordance with the Board's policy on the use of economic analysis in rulemaking, the Board has reviewed the proposed rule change.<sup>25</sup> To fulfill its responsibility to protect investors, as ABLE programs and 529 college savings plans have significant retail investor components, the MSRB must become well informed about the fees and expenses assessed under such programs or plans and about the market for ABLE programs and 529 college savings plans as a whole. The proposed rule change is necessary for the MSRB to gather relevant data required to ensure the MSRB's regulatory scheme is sufficient and/or to determine whether additional rulemaking is necessary to protect investors and the public interest.

The proposed rule change would require an underwriter to submit additional information about the fees and expenses associated with the applicable ABLE program or 529 college savings plan. The proposed rule change would enable the MSRB to carry out its regulatory responsibilities under the Act and fulfill its mission to ensure efficiency in the market for these programs. The MSRB would realize substantial benefits in obtaining reliable and consistent information about the fees and expenses of ABLE programs and 529 college savings plans, promoting greater regulatory oversight and investor protection.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>24</sup> Id.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>25</sup> Policy on the Use of Economic Analysis in MSRB Rulemaking is available at <u>http://msrb.org/Rules-and-Interpretations/Economic-Analysis-Policy.aspx</u>.

#### 23 of 29

Although there are costs associated with compliance with the proposed rule change, these costs should be minimal. The data that the MSRB wishes to collect are readily available and should be known to the underwriters of these plans. Additionally, underwriters are already required to submit certain information to the MSRB on Form G-45 on a semi-annual basis.<sup>26</sup>

Among the possible alternatives to the proposed rule change are (a) a manual review of information in program or plan disclosure documents submitted to EMMA or on program or plan websites; or (b) a review of data supplied by information vendors voluntarily. However, neither of these alternatives would satisfy the regulatory needs of the MSRB. A manual review of information would be insufficient because some of the information sought by the MSRB is not disclosed in public documents in a uniform and consistent manner. Moreover, a manual review of information would be time consuming and inefficient, especially given that underwriters are already required to submit certain information to the MSRB on a semi-annual basis. In addition, while a review of information voluntarily submitted to informational vendors may be of interest, it is unreliable from a regulatory standpoint. Information supplied by dealers that are underwriters to ABLE programs and/or 529 college savings plans to information vendors may differ with respect to its reliability and quality. Essentially, the MSRB would be relying on such information vendors for important regulatory activities. For regulatory purposes, the MSRB seeks a consistent set of uniform, reliable and relevant information about ABLE programs and 529 college savings plans.

On balance, the MSRB believes that semi-annual reporting of limited information, which is readily available to dealers that are underwriters to ABLE programs and/or 529 college

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>26</sup> The proposed rule change would not impose any burden on non-underwriting dealers that only sell interests in either ABLE programs or 529 college savings plans, as the obligation to submit information semi-annually to the MSRB will only be imposed on underwriters.

savings plans, would not pose an unreasonable burden on such underwriters, and the likely benefits of the proposed amendments justify the likely associated costs in both the near and long term.

The MSRB does not believe that the proposed rule change would impose any burden on competition not necessary or appropriate in furtherance of the purposes of the Act. The additional information would be submitted on an equal and non-discriminatory basis, and the requirement would apply equally to all dealers that serve as underwriters to ABLE programs and/or 529 college savings plans.

#### C. <u>Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement on Comments on the Proposed Rule</u> Change Received from Members, Participants, or Others

Written comments were neither solicited nor received on the proposed rule change.

#### III. Date of Effectiveness of the Proposed Rule Change and Timing for Commission Action

Within 45 days of the date of publication of this notice in the <u>Federal Register</u> or within such longer period of up to 90 days (i) as the Commission may designate if it finds such longer period to be appropriate and publishes its reasons for so finding or (ii) as to which the self-regulatory organization consents, the Commission will:

(A) by order approve or disapprove such proposed rule change, or

(B) institute proceedings to determine whether the proposed rule change should be disapproved.

#### IV. Solicitation of Comments

Interested persons are invited to submit written data, views, and arguments concerning the foregoing, including whether the proposed rule change is consistent with the Act. Comments may be submitted by any of the following methods:

#### Electronic comments:

- Use the Commission's Internet comment form (http://www.sec.gov/rules/sro.shtml); or
- Send an e-mail to <u>rule-comments@sec.gov</u>. Please include File Number SR-MSRB-2017-08 on the subject line.

#### Paper comments:

 Send paper comments in triplicate to Secretary, Securities and Exchange Commission, 100 F Street, NE, Washington, DC 20549.

All submissions should refer to File Number SR-MSRB-2017-08. This file number should be included on the subject line if e-mail is used. To help the Commission process and review your comments more efficiently, please use only one method. The Commission will post all comments on the Commission's Internet website (http://www.sec.gov/rules/sro.shtml). Copies of the submission, all subsequent amendments, all written statements with respect to the proposed rule change that are filed with the Commission and any person, other than those that may be withheld from the public in accordance with the provisions of 5 U.S.C. 552, will be available for website viewing and printing in the Commission's Public Reference Room, 100 F Street, NE, Washington, DC 20549 on official business days between the hours of 10:00 am and 3:00 pm. Copies of the filing also will be available for inspection and copying at the principal office of the MSRB. All comments received will be posted without change; the Commission does not edit

#### 26 of 29

personal identifying information from submissions. You should submit only information that you wish to make available publicly. All submissions should refer to File Number SR-MSRB-2017-08 and should be submitted on or before [insert date 21 days from publication in the <u>Federal</u> <u>Register</u>].

For the Commission, pursuant to delegated authority.<sup>27</sup>

Secretary

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>27</sup> 17 CFR 200.30-3(a)(12).

EMMA Dataport – ABL	E Program			MSRB GATEWAY
ubmission Status: Not Submitted	÷		You are currently actin	
lan Descriptive Information	PLAN SERVICE AND TRANSACTION	FEES (AS APPLI	CABLE)	
ggregate Plan Information	Account Opening Fee (\$)		Overdraft Fee (\$)	
Plan Service and Transaction >	Investment Administration Fee (\$)		Copy of Check or Statement Fee (per request) (\$)	
ees	Cancellation/Withdrawal Fee (\$)		Copy of Check Images Mailed with Monthly Statement Fee (\$)	
nvestment Option Information >	Change in Account Owner Fee (\$)		Check Fee (S)	
xpand All Sections >	Change in Investment Option/Transfer Fee (\$)		Returned Check Fee (S)	
Resources Form G-45 Manual and Specifications MSRB Gateway Manual MSRB Rule G-45	Rollover Fee (S)		Checking Account Option Fee (\$)	
	Returned Excess Aggregate Contributions Fee (\$)		Re-Issue of Disbursement Check Fee (\$)	
	Rejected ACH or EFT Fee (\$)		Stop Payment Fee (\$)	
	Overnight Delivery Fee (S)		Debit Card Fee (\$)	
	In-Network ATM Fee (\$)		Debit Card Replacement Fee (\$)	
	Out-of-Network ATM Fee (\$)		Outgoing Wire Fee (\$)	
	ATM Mini Statement Fee (S)		Expedited Debit Card Rush Delivery Fee (\$)	
	International POS/ATM Transaction Fee (%)		Paper Fee (\$)	
	Foreign Transaction Fee (%)		Miscellaneous Fee (\$)	
	Add Note	1	-	1

This storyboard may not reflect the final user interface design.

28 of 29

EMMA Dataport – 529	College Savings Plans			MSRB
bmission Status: Not Submitted	-		You are currently actin	ng on behalf of. Tes
			Saw	e Preview E
an Descriptive Information	PLAN SERVICE AND TRANSACTION	I FEES (AS APPLI	CABLE)	
gregate Plan Information	Account Opening Fee (\$)		Overdraft Fee (S)	
Plan Service and Transaction >	Investment Administration Fee (\$)		Copy of Check or Statement Fee (per request) (\$)	
es	Cancellation/Withdrawal Fee (S)		Copy of Check Images Mailed with Monthly Statement Fee (S)	
xpand All Sections	Change in Account Owner Fee (S)		Check Fee (S)	
	Change in Investment Option/Transfer Fee (\$)		Returned Check Fee (S)	
esources orm C-45 Manual and Specifications SRB Gateway Manual SRB Rule G-45	Rollover Fee (S)		Checking Account Option Fee (\$)	
	Returned Excess Aggregate Contributions Fee (\$)		Re-Issue of Disbursement Check Fee (S)	
	Rejected ACH or EFT Fee (S)		Stop Payment Fee (\$)	
	Overnight Delivery Fee (\$)		Debit Card Fee (S)	
	In-Network ATM Fee (S)		Debit Card Replacement Fee (\$)	
	Out-of-Network ATM Fee (\$)		Outgoing Wire Fee (S)	
	ATM Mini Statement Fee (S)		Expedited Debit Card Rush Delivery Fee (\$)	
	International POS/ATM Transaction Fee (%)		Paper Fee (S)	
	Foreign Transaction Fee (%)		Miscellaneous Fee (\$)	
	Add Note			

This storyboard may not reflect the final user interface design.

29 of 29

Fees and Expenses				
Asset-Based Fees				
Estimated Underlying Fund Expenses (%)				
Program Management Fee (%)				
State Fee (%)				
Miscellaneous Fee (%)				
Annual Distribution/Service/Sales Fee (%)				
Total Annual Asset-Based Fees (%)				
Additional Investor Expenses				
Maximum Initial Sales Charge (%)				
Maximum Deferred Sales Charge (%)				
Annual Account Maintenance Fee (\$)		In State	Out of State	
Audit Fee (%)				
Bank Administration Fee (\$)				

## Add Note

This storyboard may not reflect the final user interface design.